NEW YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Granting of the Motion to Bond the Quaker

City.

Before Judge Blatchford.

Judge Blatchford, in the matter of the application to have the steamship Quaker City (or Columbia) admitted to bond, has appointed Richard Pollion, named by the Court; Benjamin J. Wenberg, named by the claimant, and Charles H. Marshali, named by the government, as appraisers, the Court directing that, on the coming in of their report, the claimant have leave to bond in the amount of the appraisers'

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' COURT. Alleged Bounty Finud-Another Charge Against J. Nelson Luckey.

Before Commissioner Betts.

The United States vs. J. Nelson Luckey. ndant is again brought up for examination on a parge of bounty fraud. Richard Day, of 673 Myrtle e, Brooklyn, has appeared before Commis-Betts and made affidavit that he served as a sioner Betts and made affidavit that he served as a private in the New York volunteers, and was entitled to fifty dollars extra bounty money; that he placed his claim in the hands of Wellington Wilmot, of No. 81 Nassau street; that he is informed and believes that the claim was paid to Luckey; that he called on Luckey for the amount of the claim and was toid by him that he had given it to Wilmot; that he (deponent) is informed and believes, and has heard Luckey say in the presence of two witnesses, that Wilmot was his (Luckey's) cierk; that he is informed and believes that fackey accepted orders from Wilmot, drawn on him (Luckey's, for payment of the rent of Wilmot's office, in Nassau street; that deponent is further informed by W. R. Gibson, Paymaster United States Army, that Luckey was the authorized attorney to prosecute his (deponent's) claim, and that a check therefor was sent to Luckey; deponent muther swears that he never gave to Luckey or Wilmot any power of attorney to endorse the check in question, and he charges that Luckey has fliegally deprived and withheld from him the money due him on his claim.

Luckey was held in \$500 bail for an examination.

key was held in \$500 bail for an examination. Alleged Embezzlement of a Letter. Before Commissioner Shields.

endant is charged with having embezzled a letter, stic trusses, 476 Broadway. The case came on for elastic trusses, 476 Broadway. The case came on for examination yesterday before Commissioner Shields. The testimeny for the prosecution was to the effect that Marshall is connected with a rival truss establishment of Rainbow & Co.'s, at No. 474% Broadway; that the letter, although intended for Itamow & Co., came by mistake into the hands of Marshall, who, finding it contained a request for a circular about clastic trusses, sent one of his own circulars and destroyed the letter. The case will be resumed to-day.

Alleged Larceny at Sea.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

Alfred Oliver, a passenger on the ship Constitution her late passage from San Francisco, appeared fore Commissioner Osbora yesterday and caused the arrest of Benjamin Radford, John Hull and Wilam Connelly, three other passengers on that vessel, the charge of having while on the voyage on the gh seas, on the Soth of May last, stolen from him

high seas, on the 50th of May last, stolen from him \$215 in gold.

It seems that all the parties were drunk at the time of the alleged theit, and the complainant, on getting sober, found that a pocket of his pantaloons, which containes the gold, had been cut out.

The defendants were held for an examination, to take place at one P. M. to-day.

SUPREME COURT-GENERAL TERM.

An Augry Will. Before Judges Clerke, Cardozo and Barnard.

ick L. Schettler, &c., vs. L. Smith, Execut and Others .- John M. Smith, in making his will. n's wife and his daughter Cornelia's intended hussand, the present plaintiff, and even the children of those marriages, from all participation in his contate. He, therefore, left their shares in trust, the income to be paid to them for life, and after their death to any other wife or husband and the fee to their children by any other wife or husband. Cornella married, nevertheless, Frederick L. Schettler, and then sought to set aside the will, on the ground that it made a limitation to the lives of the persons, one of them not designated, and therefore not necessarily in being, claiming that this was such a part of the framing of the will that if gone the whole will must go. The court below decided against the plaintiff, and she appealed. Pending the appeals the died, and her husband now prosecutes the appeal. The argument of the respondents is that the will, if technically wrong, has a plain and evident intention, which is not beyond the law, and that as it can be interpreted according to such legal intention the Court must so interpret it, and this interpretation gives the plaintiff no rights.

The Court reserved its decision.

Suit Agninst the City Comptroller—Novel Claim—Opinion of the Court.

Claim-Opinion of the Court. The People ex rel. Geery and Others vs. Richard

3. Connolly, Comptroller.—This case, which involved a considerable amount of money, came up on an eal taken by the Comptroller from an order of ige Barnard, directing that a mandamus issue to el the Comptroller to cancel certain assessments upon the relator's property. The proceeding was

apon the relator's property. The proceeding was originally brought under the law of 1883, relative to frauds in assessments, and the order to vacate, upon which the proceedings for mandam us are based, was entered on the 3d of January, 1863.

It was contended on the part of the Comptroller that no proots of trand or pregularity had ever been taken, and that the order of 1863 was absolutely rold, and no duty devolved upon the Comptroller.

On the other hand it was urged, first, that the

void, and no outy devoived upon the Compiroler.

On the other hand it was urged, first, that the verified jetthon and certified copy record in similar cases for the same improvement were subficient proof; and second, that no appeal lies in these proceedings to the General Term.

OFINION BY JUDGE CLERKE.

Formerly the judges were of the opinion that these proceedings were not appealable, but that opinion had been overruled and for a number of years last past appeals have oeen allowed; that in the proceedings to vacate assessment, the law required that oral proof of the fraud or irregularity complained of should be taken by the judge in each case; that the verified petition was not proof within the statute, nor was the proof taken in one case available to another petitioner seeking to vacate an assessment upon his property for the same improvement; that each petitioner must give proof of the frauds or irregularities alleged by him. The order vacating the assessment was therefore improper and should not be enforced, and the order of Special Term granting the mandamus should be reversed.

SIMPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

Discharge of a Blinor from the Navy. By Judge ingraham.

In re Wm. Sohmer.—This was an application by his parents to have Wm. Sohmer discharged from the navy on the ground that when he enlisted he was under eighteen years old, and had enlisted without the consent of his parents. The enlisted without the consent of his parents. The return set up that he had represented himself as over nin-teen years and otherwise qualified for the naval service. Counsel for the parents claimed that more representations by the boy, unless, at least, under the sanction of an oath, were not a sufficient ground to detain him. The Court directed the boy's discharge.

Non hants' National Bank of St. Louis ve. Carter et al.; Sandre et al. vs. Black; Northrop vs. Hanke et al.; Barnes vs. Bourdman; Biancard vs. Winter; In a Hawthorne, de.; Rowan et al. vs. Sheldon et al.; Brockway et al. vs. Henry; Henry vs. Doal.; Brockway et al. vs. Henry; Henry vs. Do-ningo et al.; Brown vs. Glichrist; Hunt et al. vs. McKroy; Tyler vs. Ford et al.; Mouthie vs. Virginia Fire and Marins Insurance Company; McKernan vs. Wilson et al.; Ruden et al. vs. Huse et al; Brown ws. Tremore; O'Keye vs. Gallagher.—Motions granted. Uhler vs. Hudeon; Anderson vs. Hoyt; Bridsale vs. Davis et al.; Ludow et al. vs. Judson.—Motions deated.

Rorke vs. Isham et al.—Allowance of \$500

granted.

By Judge Cardozo.

Sun Printing and Publishing Association vs. Herbert,—Motion denies, with costs.

Asser vs. Deherty.—Proposed case and amendments sealed. in re Francis M. Hichy.—Prayer of petitioner

granted.

The Eina National Bank, de., es. the Fourth National Bank of Hartford.—Order granted.

Esaac et al., es. Hart.—As to the receivership and injunction the motion to vacate will be denied, &c.

By Judge Clerke.

Corpenter v., Whithech.—The order of 25th of May to stand, one other to be revoked.

Coldstein et al., vs. Benedict et al.—Order settled.

By Judge Sutheriand.

In re Edward Schelt.—Report of referee as modified confirmed.

ded confirmed.

Outloo et al. vs. Christal.—The amendment as a used for must be again denied without costs.

SUPERIOR COURT-TRIAL TERM-PART 1.

The Jury System. Before Justice Fithian.

Part of the jurors were, as reported, brought before Judge Pithian Tuesday to purge themselves from contempt in not appearing, and a few more appeared this morning. The Judge heard the excuses of those who presented themselves, and then told them that he understood from them that they had been excused by the Commissioner of Jurora.

A practice had, he was informed, grown up that,

the jury list.

One of them stated that two weeks ago he had gone to the Commissioner of Jurors and presented his excuse—full military service—and had supposed that was enough.

The Court recommended him to apply again.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett. IMPORTANT CHARGE OF RECORDER HACKETT.
At the opening of the court yesterday the Grand Jury were empanelled and Mr. John H. James se-lected to act as foreman.

His Honor Recorder Hackett then delivered the

leted to act as foreman.

His Honor Recorder Hackett then delivered the following charge:—

Gentlemes of the duty of the presiding Judge of this court to call the attention of the Grand Jury to a statutory requirement with reference to particular offences. The various statutes alluded to are contained in a brief prepared by the late District Attorney for the assistance of grand juvors, and as printed copies of that brief will be handed to each of you by my direction, my duty in that respect will have been discharged. It would seem that although I called attention at the last February term of this court to the neglect of citizens in the performance of jury duty, that thus far it is without effect; for, at the opening of the present term of this court, but eighteen petit jurors out of 160 summoned answered to their names, and out of that number eleven were excused by my colleague for good and sufficient reasons. Out of thirty-six Grand Jurors summoned but fourteen appeared, hence the business of the ceurt had to be adjourned over unit to-day to give to the Sheriff smicient time to summon a new panel. Surely there must be some defect in our jury system, and some mode should be devised and legislative wisdom should be lavoked to afford a remedy. The Mayor, City Judge and myself, as members of the Heard for the selection of jurors, and soon to meet to draw the list for the ensuing year, are preparing a list of defaulting jurors in this court and the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and propose to publish their names. The attention of this commanity, and the people at large has been drawn by the public Journals, and the charges of my predecessors and associates to the historiest accommodations of the City Frison for the purpose for which it was originally designed, and more particularly of late years by the reports of the honored department of Public Charattes and Correction. Constructed in the year 1837, when the number of our population, periaps, compared with that of the present day, was but one-fourth, the City Prison following charge:-

if any who have felt it their duty to animadvert with severity upon these ancient and with us unusual modes of punishmest will only visit our City Prison, when, as now, it is crowded with convicted prisoners and alleged offenders, they will begin to think, nay, believe, that allusions to barbarity and reprehensions more fittingly belong to our lill-doings in respect to the matter i have just adverted to.

Mr. Wm. P. Howe, counsel for Wm. Varley, better known as "Reddy, the Blacksmith," made an cloquent plea for the postponement of the trial until to-morrow to enable him to summon a number of witnesses, who would establish the fact that his client was not present at the time of the alleged robbery.

Assistant District Attorney Hutchings, who will represent the people this term, said he would try this case at the opening of the court on Thursday.

Thomas Williams, who was charged with stealing 27 on the 11th of May from Michael Hogan, was acquitted.

Elizabeth A. Munday (colored), who was charged.

\$27 on the 17th of May from Michael Hogan, was acquitted.

Elizabeth A. Munday (colored), who was charged with stealing a dress valued at \$125 from Mary Cook, 307 Hudson street, on the 14th of May, pleaded gailty to an attempt at grand larecny. She was sent to the State Prison for eighteen months.

James Donaldson was charged with taking sixty dollars on the 19th of May from John Godfrey, who testified that he was negotiating a loan with the defendant, when he snatched the money from the counter and ran out. Mr. Howe, on cross-examination, showed a receipt which Godfrey gave the defendant for forty dollars. The Recorder directed the jury to find a verdiet of not guilty.

Mary Reed was tried and convicted of grand larceny in stealing on the 3d of April jewelry and laddles' wearing apparel valued at \$380, the property of Louis Bergh, who employed her as a domestic. Upon the rendition of the verdict Mr. Hutchings informed the Court that the prisoner was indicted for a similar offence on a previous occasion. She protested that she was innocent. The Recorder sent her to the State Prison for four years.

COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

CCURT CALERBARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated motions.—Nos. 231, 5, 10, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 58, 57, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 60, 68, 69, 70. CIRCUIT.—Part 1.—Nos. 265, 2115, 824, 554, 1516, 212, 1121, 255, 1845, 63, 1120, 4247, 693, 1495, 1167, 1179, 1646, 1139, 1471, 1761.

CHAMBERS.—Nos. 28, 61, 65, 111, 144, 151, 152, 154, 155, 160, 164, 171. Call 176.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Nos. 2921, 2900, 2959, 2266, 2564, 3065, 3064, 3063, 3054, 3057, 3061, 3062, 3060, 3067, 3075, 3074, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3075, 3076,

CITY D'TELLIGENCE.

THE WEATHER.—The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at

 day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudinut's pharmacy, Henald Duilding, Broadway, corner of Ann street:—
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FOUND IN THE WATER.—The remains of a male chief, far advanced in decomposition, were found noating in the water off pier 28 East river. The body evidently had been in the water for several weeks. Coroner Flynn has charge of the case.

IMMORATION.—During the month of May 58 steam vessels and 22 salling vessels having passengers on board arrived at this port from Europe, The number of passengers arrived were:—tabin, 3,206; steerage, 40,728. On these vessels there were 26 births and 74 deaths.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The new Board have

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The new Board have commenced to weed out. A number of clerks have been dismissed, and in the place of Mr. Schwartz Mr. ulius Hennett has been appointed as depository clerk, and the latter took charge of his office jesterday.

FOUND IN A VAULT.—At two o'clock yesterday

morning John Smith, a night scavenger, found the remains of a male child in the vanit attached to premises No. 128 Leonard street, and notified the sixth present police of the mot. Coroner Flynn will hold an inquest on the body.

RIVER THINVES FIRED UPON.—About twelve o'clock on Tuesday night several river thieves entered the

cabin of the bark Golden Piecce, lying at pier No. 28 East river. They were discovered by the mate before they had an opportunity to steal any article of value and fired upon. The thieves fied, leaving behind a sixteen foot rowboat, with a quantity of rope, sais and a keg of fish, which they had probably stolen.

ROBBERY ON THE HIGH SEAS .- Officers Languager

mail steamship Henry Chauncey, on com plaint of a passenger, Alired Olevett. The accused were charged with stealing from him, during the late voyage from Aspinwall, \$250 in gold. They were arraigned be-fore Commissioner Betts, who committed them to mi to await exau

FATAL HATCHWAY CASUALTY .- About seven o'clock yesterday morning Daniel Gordon, a laborer employed in the manufactory of Messrs. Fielding Employed in the manufactory of access. Freiding Brothers, Nos. 296 and 298 East Forty-first street, fell through the hatchway, from the third to the lower floor, and was almost instantly killed. His skull was terribly fractured, besides which he received other injuries of a fatal character. Deceased was a middle aged man and a native of Ireland. He has left a willow and three calldren. Coronet Keenan was notified to hold an inquest on the body. FIRE COMMISSIONERS.—The Fire Commissioners held their ward meeting varieties, and commissioners.

held their usual meeting yesterday, General Shaler held their usual meeting yesterday, General Shale presiding. A communication was received from Mr. Bergh, President of the Society for the Prevention of Crueity to Animals, requesting quarters it which to place a truck intended to convey disables horses from the streets, which was referred to the Committee on Apparatas. Bills amounting to \$25,656 92 were examined and approved. Some charges of breaches of discipline against member of the force were investigated, after which the Board adjourned.

years of age, died suddenly at No. 229 Second street.

Warden James Owens, of the Almshouse on Black Warden James Owens, of the Almshouse on Black wells Island, yesterday notified Coroner Rollins that William Hass, an immate of that institution, had died studdenly. An inquest will be held on the bedy Elizabeth Quinn, a colored woman, who has beet complaining for some time past, was taken suddenly worse yesterday afternoon and died soon after wards at her residence No. 40 Wooster street. Coroner Keenan was notified, Wooster Beach, M.D., will make a post mortein examination on the body.

BOARD OF EXCISE.—At a meeting of the Board of Excise, held yesterday, the license of Darries & Winters, No, 185 Eighth avenue, was not revoked; that of Michael Feeley, No. 29 State street, Brooklyn, was annulled, as was also that of M. J. Kelly, No. 2 James silp, and A. Wall, No, 589 Third avenue. Mr. Eston, counsel to the Board, gave his opinion in relation to the money ordered to be paid to the Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton. The act directing the money to be paid was passed last winter, but, under the circumstances, he was of opinion that the safe way would be to test the matter in the courts, provided the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund would make a demand; if they did not then he would advise the payment. Judge Bosworth suggested that the treasurer do not pay the money, but wait for a mandamus to compel the Board to pay it. Mr. Manierre noved that the Trensurer do not pay the amount until the further order of the Board. Adopted. Mr. Manierre presented the following report from the Committee on Applications:—

Resolved, That persons not before Beensed, who may apply for hecases to seel liquor, ale and beer, shail advertise for four weeks in one of the daily papers and present evidence that they lave so advertised.

Adopted, and Board adjourned. BOARD OF EXCISE -At a meeting of the Board of

Adopted, and Board adjourned.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY .- John H. Starin, or No. 132 West Forty-seventa street, caused the arrest of Augustus R. McCurdy by detectives McCarty and McGowan, of the Twenty-ninth precinct, charged, in McGowan, of the Twenty-muth precinct, charged, in company with three accomplices, who are still at large, with robbing him of \$5,000 in \$100 bils on the 25th of May last. Ar. Starin states that in the afternoon of the above date he was sitting in a carriage in Washington place, near Broadway, with the prisoner, Frank Dye and John Bird, the latter still being at large, when an unknown person came up, suddenly selzed hold of him is a violent manner and forcibly took the money, which he held in his hand, from him, when he made his escape, and has not since been seen nor recognized by him. He charges that the three parties with whom he was in company were acting in concert with the man who committed the robbery, as they detained him in the carriage for that purpose. The passoner, who has been in custody several days, in order to try and effect a settlement—without any success, however—was arraigned before Justice Dodge, at Jefferson Market, yesterday, and pleaded not guitty to the charge, but was committed in default of \$10,000 bail, waiving an examination.

The Blonde Hair Dealer.—Since the revelation

THE BLONDE HAIR DEALER.—Since the revelation made in the HERALD of yesterday in reference to the blonde hair, and representing himself as a hair-dresser employed at different theatres, by which dresser employed at different theatres, by which means he has succeeded in swindling a large number of dealers in hair out of various amounts, ranging from \$12 to \$100, the Jefferson Market Police Court has been visited by a number of persons in search of the prisoner. Yesterday afternoon Miss Mary Scilley, of No. 756 Broadway, appeared before Justice Dodge and stated her desire to be confronted with the prisoner, as she had recently been victimized of a quantity of hair, and surmised, from the account she saw in the Herald, that he was the person. The accused upon being brought up from the prison was at once recognized by Miss Scilley as the parly who had imposed on her, she stating that on the 5th instant he came into her store and represented he had a large quantity of human hair, which he would dispose of at a low figure, as he had intely arrived from Parls, where he obtained it, and that for ten dollars he would sell to her a quantity that she would be compelled to pay twenty-four dollars for in any other place. She finally concluded to purchase some of the obliging Augustus' hair, whereat he purchased a braid of blonde hair from her valued at thirty dollars, requesting ner to send her brother, a small boy, to his hole with him in order to get the money, which agreement she consented to, and the two had proceeded but a short distance when he informed the

CHARGE OF KIDSAPPING

An Alleged Female Kldnapper Charged with Stealing a Child Eleven Months Old-Two Children Found with Her-Scone at the Police Court.
Our criminal calendars very rarely reveal charges

of kidnapping, and most of such cases are the abduction of children of wealthy parents, with the view to outsining rewards for the restoration of the lost children. A case came before Judge Dowling yes-terday, at the Tombs, which the presence of every reasonable motive for the slieged kidnapping envelopes in a veil of mystery, as well as makes more than ordinarily interesting. The circumstances of the case as brought to light in the

proceedings before the court are as follows:-Mra. Eliza Kelve is a widow, living at No. 129 Washington street; she is a German woman, about twenty-five years old and quite handsome, and has two fine-looking children, the oldest being five years twenty-live years old and quite handsome, and has two fine-looking children, the oldest being five years and the youngest eleven months old. Her hasband died about eighteen months are, and having left her destitute she has been compened to go out and wash and so it has heef compened to go out and wash and so it has heef compened to go out and wash and so it has heef compened to go out and wash and so it has he here it have not here it has not on the appearance of heresig and children. An one was a bright left we can dren at home, shortly after noon Mary Ann Crowley, living in the same house, came where she was at work and told her that an old woman nad taken her buby away. Mrs. Kelve at once returned to her room and found, sure enough, the baby, her "little dove" as she caited him—and he was as bright-looking as ne was little—was gone. Her have year old child, the custodian of the baby, was nearly as tearful as the mother, and could give no other explanation than that an old woman look away the baby. Everybody knows how mothers will harry from station house to station house in quest of their lost children. Mrs. Keive hurrien to all the station houses in the vicinity and at once reported the stealing of her child, and having been assured by every policeman she met that he would keep a sharp look out for old women with bables, started herself with two women in quest of the missing infant. They went through street after street and lane after lane, and up scars and down stairs, and into dwellings and salons and stores and shops and all sorts of places. At length she came upon the object of her search at the corner of Washington and Rector streets. She called officer Gorman, of the Twenty-account precipital, who a force reported the woman and returned to Mrs. Kelve her child. The prisoner also had another child, as by about two years old, with her. On being brought into court the prisoner gave her name as Margaret Barry. "How came you by this woman's child?" Judge Dowling asked her.

"I have care of the "was asked M and the youngest eleven months old. Her husband

The prisoner was committed in default of \$500 bail. She was sent into a cell inside, the little boy being also sent with her.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Those light-fingered prestidigitators, the bogus jeweiry and three-eard monte men, keep Marshal Tooker pretty busy; but he "nolds a tacked hand," Tooker pretty busy; but he "noids a stacked hand," as they themselves would express it, which enables him to spoil their "little games" and bring their most cunning devices to naught. Verdant individuals from New Jersey and Pennsylvania who resort hither "to see the elephant," and who seem to be almost proverbially the easiest prey of such rescally gentry, having been shown that animal by exhibitors of gorgeous exterior and pleasing address and insinuating manners, but of more than questionable integrity, are fain to seek the Mayor's Office to integrity, are fain to seek the Mayor's Office to deceed, albeit through their own covetous-ness and ignorance. It is astonishing that in spite of the warnings which the exposures in the Mayor's Court, daily published in the Herald, afford to strangers in the city against the knaves who trade upon rustic creduity and avarice, that any one with the faintest glimmering of reason can rush blindly into their toils. But such cases are of constant occurrence. The two following are notable nstances of this species of folly:-

A PAIR OF VERDANT PENNSYLVANIANS. Charles Shay, just arrived from New Oricans, but alling from the City of Brotherly Love, is a dis-

Charles Shay, just arrived from New Orleans, but halling from the City of Brotherly Love, is a discharged soldier. He appeared yesterday before Marshal Tooker and complained that an individual named John Wilson, the keeper of a bogus jewelry establishment at No. 183 West street, had induced him to bet on three card monte, the batt being a gold watch, at which interesting passime he lost thirty dollars. The compliments of the Marshal, with a request to step up to the captain's office and sett le, being conveyed to Wilson, he deemed it advisable to refund the money.

James Dalton is likewise a Pennsylvanian; his abiding place is Westdear township, Alieghany county. Mr. William Osborne, of No. 233 Broadway, observing James in the act of gazing at the Brummagem plate and jewerry displayed in his show case requested him to see in and examine the same more minutely. James, "suspecting no harm," as he affirmed, complied, and was induced to lend a youth with an honest countenance seventy-six dollars to bet on three card monts, upon the assurance that he was sure to win, which he did not. The ingentous young man tiene left the store, for the purpose (so at least he averred) of obtaining seventy-six dollars from a friend, promising to return speedily and repay the same to Dalton. It is needless to eay that he indied to keep his promise. After waiting some time the fact that he had been done exceedingly brown gradually dawned upon the Alleghamian. He was asked by the Marshal when he made his complaint, whether he read the newspapers, to which he replied that he hadn't done so for six or seven months. Officer McGrath was despatched in quest of the missing money and the complainant was advised to subscribe for a New York paper immediately.

GRAYE GRABGE AGAINST A LAWYER.

A complaint was unmoned before Marshal Tooker he expressed his whilingness to pay over the money, and subsequently did pay over fity dollars, but has failed, so the complainant alleges, to pay the remainder, although he agreed to do so in three weeks. Yest

easional services.

Marshal Tooker expressed his surprise that two Marshal looker expressed his surprise that two such cares—the circumstances of which were so damaging to the reputation of a professional man—should have appeared upon the record at such a short interval from one another, and said that he tho ght the charge very serious and one which nearly affected the character of the accused, and allowed him until twelve M. to-morrow to pay over the money to his clients.

A COW CASE.

nearly affected the character of the accused, and allowed him until twelve M. to-morrow to pay over the money to his clients.

A COW CASE.

Bridget Farreit, of Scheneck street, Brooklyn, complained that she had been victimized by isaac Hamsanman, or No. 24 East Flifty-first atreet, in a cow transaction. She had purchased a cow of the defendant for \$116, paying thirty-nine dollars down and giving her note for the balance—seventy-six dollars. Isaac guaranteed that the animal would milk twenty quarts a day. The cow was to have four days' trial, and if she did not give that amount of milk she was to be returned and the money and note refunded. But alias for the duplicity of human nature; the cow urmed out not only to be dry but diseased, whereupon Bridget returned the animal to her quondam owner, who scened much surprised at such a bad report, and promised to restore the money, which, however, he neglected to do. Bridget being thus at one fell blow jockeyed out of the cow and greenbacks, hastened to the Mayor's Court for justice, accompanied by ner friends, who loudly expressed their indignation against the Teutonic cow fancier. The detendant was accompanied by his counsel, George A. Greensward, who at first seemed disposed to deny Marshal Tooker's jurisdiction of the case, but drew in his horns when informed that if he doubted that, any interference of his own in the case could be dispensed with. The principal witness for the complainant was a gruny man named James Higgins, who also acted as a sort of counsel. This gentleman corroborated Bridget's statement, and proceeded to argue the case on her behalf with more volubility than cioquence, which arouse's the ire and contempt of Greensward at being opposed to such an exceedingly unknown and an arocedings unknown and he saufed the air as if he smelled something very unike green pastures. The upshot of the case was that the cow jockey, acting upon the advice of the Marshal increase works chance might befall him," agreed to restore the money and the note to the injure

restore the money and the note to the injured irridget, who departed amid the noisy congratulations of her friends, a deputation of two of whom waited upon the Marshal in the course of the afternoon and informed him that the Dutchman had paid over the greenbacks.

SOLD AT AN AUGITON.

A number of incensed individuals appeared before starshal Tooker yesterday afternoon and complained that they had been swindled by an auctioneer of this city, who had advertised to sell a quantity of unopened packages remaining unolatimed at the office of Adams Express Company. A mail square box was exhibited by one of the parties as a sample of the way in which buyers had been victimized. The box was marked "Jenkins Murphy, Easton, Pa., C. O. D., \$12.40," and contained pieces of red brick wrapped in brown paper. One hundred of these boxes had been sold at from four to five dollars, affect, the contents of all corresponding with the one exhibited. One of the complainants stated that a large box which was sold contained an entire sketchon, another package a sheep's hear wrapped in straw. Others contained rusty pieces of iron, stones, old closhes and a variety of non-descript and worthless articles. Of 230 buyers, all of whom had purchased packages, not one obtained an article of the slightest value. A few of the complainants gave their names and the amounts paid of whom had purchased packages, not one obtained an article of the slightest value. A few of the complainants gave their names and the amounts paid of whom had purchased packages, not one obtained an entire specific package should be a supplied to the complainant street, \$10.45; Phillip Russak, of No. 19 Pike street, \$76; Caspar Ellas, of No. 35 Warren street, \$25; David L. Walter, of No. 167 Elgath avenue, \$35; 25; Bernard Primer, of No. 224 West Fortheth street, \$10.25. Several of the victimized odered to swear that the ackages sold them were not the original packages and the the buyers was no redress, but always a lack of the packages are were worthiess, and that they ha

CRICKET.

St. George va. Philadelphia. The first cloven of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, including Pearson, their professional, commenced a match yesterday on the St. George's ground, back of Hoboken, against the first eleven of St. George, including Norley, their professional.

The ground looked in beautiful order, and there were a number of ladies on the balconies of the club

The match last week between the second elevens of St. George terminated in favor of St. George in one innings by 185 to 48.

At the conclusion of the day's play a very interesting affair came off in the club house. All hands were called to order by Mr. Vandering, the treasurer of the Rt. George Olub, and the veteran Sam Wright.

who had acted as umpire for the match, was requested to take his position at the other end of the long table, round which stood about fifty members, when Mr. Vanderip, who held in his hand a heavy silver tankard, filled with champagne addressed "ye veteran cricketer" as follows:—Mr. Wright, on behalf of a committee of the members of St. George's Cricket Club, I am deputed to present to you this silver tankard, to each handle of whom you will find attached \$150—in all \$300—and before I pass this loving cup, which is filled with sparking wine, to be emptied and refilled and empited again by the friends who surround you ere treaches your hand, let me read the following inscription:—"Presented to Sammy Wright, June 9, 1869, from the members of the St. George's Cricket Club, as a mark of their appreciation of his valuable and faithful services, during a period of more than thirty-two years." And allow me to say that there are but few now belonging to the club who can, from personal experience, go back so far as your advent among our predecessors; but they, as well as all the present members, cheerfully concur in bearing testimony to your uniformsly honorable conduct, both as a cricketer and a man, and also to the respectable manner in which you and your estimable wife have brought up your sons in our midst. I therefore, on the occasion of your retirning from the cricket field of your own desire, wish you and your wife and family every happiness in the future, and hope you will often visit us.

Uproarious cheers and shakes of the hand greeted the old man, who, after silence nad been restored.

will often visit us.

Uproarious cheers and shakes of the hand greeted the old man, who, after slience had been restored, hesitatingly said:—"Muster Vanderlip, I did not expect this. My leart is too full to say much, and I never made a speech in my life; but you know what I would say if I could find words;" and the old cricketer was quite overcome and stood back to conceal his emotions, and was cheered again and again.

BROOKLYN CITY.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

The Furmers and Citizens' Bank Case,
Before Judge Benedict.
Frederick A. Platt, Receiver, vs. John B. Webb,
Samuel Sneden and Oren M. Beach.—A report of
this case appeared in the HERALD of yesterday. The
jury returned a verdict for the plaintin of \$3,857 90. Another Farmers and Citizens' Bank Receiver

Case.

Prederick A. Platt, Receiver of the Farmers and Citizens' Bank, Eastern District, vs. John H. Broach and Another.—The plaintiff, as the receiver of this bank by the appointment of the Comptroller of the bank by the appointment of the Comptroiler of the Currecy, came into possession, among the other assets of the bank, of a note for \$1,500, payable to the order of H. W. Redfield, the cashier of the Farmers and Citizens' National Bank, made August 5, 1857. This note, it was alleged, was deposited as collateral security for a joint note at six months for \$4,800, given by defendants for a valuable consideration from the bank, and delivered to Mr. Redfield, the cashier. The defence set up was that the note was placed in the bank for the purpose of having it discounted, and that the note was void for want of consideration. It was also claimed by the defendants that the note was not properly stamped. And, as a final defence, it was set up that the makers of the note were bankrupt, and had been discharged as such.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT -IN ADMIRALTY. Report of the Commissioner in the Sylvan Stream Collision Case.

The Harlemand New York Navigation Company

es. The Steamboat State of New York.—Com er Jones, to whom the question of damages growing out of the collision between the Spivan Stream and the State of New York in the East river was referred, made his report yesterday afternoon. The damages sustained by the libeliants were assessed at \$002 56. The Court directed the decree to be entered for the full amount. Benedict & Benedict for the libeliants J. W. Leveridge for claimant.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COUST. A Counterfelter Plends Guilty.

A Counterfelter Plends Guilty.

Before Judge Benedict.

Frederick Haywood, who was arrested several weeks since and indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday afternoon, changed the plea of "not guilty" entered on his first arraignment to "guilty" of the first count of the indictment. This step was taken under the advice of his counset. Assistant District Attorner Parris thereupon moved a noile proseput on the other counts, which was granted. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

Sungalers Remanded for Sentence.

Smugglers Remanded for Sentence. At the last term of this court one Price was con At the last term of this court one Price was convicted of smuggling cigars on Staten Island and was remanded for sentence. While ruminating on the state of his affairs, present and to come, he was moved to impart a little information to the District Attorney with the hope it might operate in his moved to the preducing the term of his imprisonment. This information at once led to the arrest of Gordon Young and James Arnold, who were immediately taken before the Grand Jury, where they were indicted as confederates of Price in his smuggling operations. At first they put on a bold front and played the role of injured innocents, of course pleading "not guilty" when arraigned on the indictment. Testerity, however, having been advised of a better way by their counsel, they withdrew that pies and entered that of "guilty." They were remanded for sentence.

Another Smuggler Arrested. Price was brought into court yesterday to be sentenced, and Young and Gordon were also brought up, as stated in the case above. This fact, it is said. up, as stated in the case above. This fact, it is said, led to the presence of a man by the name of Charles M. Bardett, a reputed shipmaster, and it was said the friend of the parties, convicted and pleading guilty of smagging. Acting upon the principle that misery loves company, Young and Gordon determined to have all the consolation to be had from puting that old saw into use. Accordingly they had an interview with Assistant District Attorney-Parris while Bartlett was sitting an unconcerned spectator in court. Mr. Parris immediately applied to Commissioner Jones for a warrant, and one was filled out with the name of Bartlett and put into an officer's hand. In a few minutes afterwards it was served, and Bartlett was brought before Commissoryed, and Bartlett was brought before Commis-

officer's hand. In a few minutes afterwards it was served, and Bartlett was brought before Commissioner Jones, and held, in default of \$2,000 bail, on a charge of smuggling cigars. It was stated by the Commissioner that he would consider the question of the reduction of ball whenever bail should be offered.

CITY COUST.

The Odeon Opera House Case.

Before Judge Thompson.

Isaac Dennes vs. Philip W. Glover and Another.—

A report of this case appeared in the Herand yes
terday. It was submitted to the jury yesterday
morning and after an absence of about au hour a
verdict was returned for the plaintin for the sum of
\$516 11.

Action to Recover a Broker's Commission Manly A. Ruland vs. Elizabeth Furman et al .-Plaintlif as a licensed broker, doing business in Pinnthir as a hechsed broker, doing business in Brookiny, efected, as he ableges, a sale of real estate for the plainth on which he energed a commission of two per cent, or the sam of \$3.00. It was to recover this that this action was brought. The derendant denied ever having made any agreement to pay plainthif a commission and claimed that he represented to her that he was acting in the matter of the sale as the agent and broker of whithm Jarvis, to whom the sale was made. Verdiet not yet rendered.

Mackay vs. The City of Brooklyn. - Judgment for plaintin for \$1,273.

BROOKLYN INTELLISENCE.

HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY .- William Walsh, a roung man about twenty-four years of age, was examined before Justice Welch yesterday afternoon on a charge of committing an indecent assault upon bella Devine, in York street, on Sunday night last. He was committed to swait the action of the Grand Jury.

PARK EXPENSES FOR MAY.—The amount expended

by the Park Commissioners for salaries, supplies, &c., during the month of May was \$81,977. The con during the month of May was \$81,977. The construction expenditures on the works were as follows:—Prospect Park, \$0,780; Washington Park, \$3,886; Parade Ground, \$1,228. The maintenance of the parks, irrespective of the cost of construction, was \$6,080.

FATAL ACCIDENTS James Joues, a boy twelve years of age, while playing near the machinery of the planing mill at the foot of Degraw street yesterdar, was caught by the revolving shaft by the jacket and wound up over the wheel with such force and velocity that his left arm was torn from his body and flung a distance of nearly twenty feet. The unfortunate boy's right leg was also broken and he was badily cut about the head. He was taken to the Long Island College Hospital, but his recovery is considered very donotful.

Mrs. M. Haslinger, who was burned a few days ago by the explosion of keroseue oil in Concord street, died at the hospital from the injuries.

EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL—Nearly 1,300 cases of disease of the eye and car have been treated at the years of age, while playing near the machinery of

EYE AND EAR HOSFITAL.—Nearly 1,300 cases of disease of the eye and ear have been treated at the Eye and Ear Hospital during the first year of its existence, which closed on the 15th of April; 18s operations were performed and twenty persons previously blind were restored to useful vision. The total expense of the institution, which is free to the public, is less than \$5,000. Twenty-five thousand dollars are now needed to erect a more suitable building for this institution and to defray the necessary expenses thereof for 1870. To further this latter end a meeting was held on Tuesday evening, at which \$5,000 was suitaribed by the gentlemen who were in attendance, S. B. Chittenden and H. B. Chailin giving \$2,500 each towards the fund.

THE DIME SAVINGS BANK ROBERRY—GRIPPIN

Claffin giving \$2,500 each towards the fund.

THE DIMM SAVINGS BANK ROBBERY—GRIPPIN
HELD.—The examination in the case of James
Grimp, arrested on charge of being concerned in
the robbery committed on the Dime Savings Bank.

taining several stock certificates and other pages of value, belonging to the estate of John A. Orosa, from the vaults of that institution, was resumed yesterday afternoon before Justice Weich. District Attorney S. D. Morris appeared for the presecution, and the defendant was represented by Mr. Sedgwick as counsel. John Dunn, detective of the Strat precinct police, New York, was recailed, and testinged that he knew Daniel Noble by sight (the party allude) to is now on trial at Eimira, in the Royal Insurance robbery case) but had never spoken to Noble; witness arrested Griffin on the evening of November 10, upon the impulse of the moment; the first knowledge had by witness of the accused was about a year provious, when he was brougat to the Sixtin precinct starlon house for drawing a pistol on a man at the Metropolian Hotel; had no conversation with any one about arresting Griffin before the arrest was made; had never heard of any ill feeling between Caprian Jourdan and officer Griffin Defore the arrest of the latter. Mr. George S. Puffer, one of the executors of the estate of John A. Cross, was the best witness, gad testified to his having been informed of the fact that the documents stolen from the Dime Savings Bank were recovered by him from the police three days after he last remembered seeing the box in which they were kept, which was deposited in the vault and not in the safe of the institution. At this juncture the counsel for prisoner moved the dismissal of the case, which was denied by the Court. The District Attorney then placed the several documents taken from the bank, which had been found in the prisoner; possession, and were identified in evidence, and the examination terminated. The prisoner, in making his voluntary statement said, that he was tairty-three years of fag. restoned in Massachusetts of late years, but for merty lived in Canada; that he was begin in Irelandant of the firends of bank prisoner, the plandant in the prisoner of the interview between the signed his name, James Griffin, in a

The Examination of the Second Class-A Signal and Telegraph Drill-How Field Telegraphs are Built and Worked-Standing of the Graduating Class in Ordnance, Gunnery and Cavalry. WEST POINT June 9, 1809.

Now that the examination of the Graduating class has been brought to a brilliant close, the Academic Board have taken the second class in hand, and to-day the major portion of the six sections of which the class is composed were overhauled in Philosophy, which stands at the head of their third year's

In a certain point of view the examination of the second class is not considered so attractive an event to outsiders as that of the first class; but to the cadets immediately concerned it is of far more im-portance than the awarding of diplomas to a whole corps of graduating classes. This can be easily understood when the thoroughness of the examination of the second class is taken into consideration. It

or the second class is faced and the canks of the fourth the good light well, from the ranks of the fourth the good light well, from the ranks of the fourth class until he has finally become a member of the first class, is found decicient at the end of the year, when it becomes a question who are worthy of being entered on the army register as officers of the class, and this simply because the graduation of the second aspirant for West Point graduation of the second aspirant for West Point graduation monors. Not that the examination of the graduating class is less severe than that of the class which may be come after it, but simply because the great stumbling bloot for drones and stupids is the final over-hauling which the second class gate yearly before it merges into honors of a higher degree. No better illustration of this face can be given than that alloced by the class which will leave the post on the 15th mat. as officers of the army. At its examination fast June, when it was of course the second class, it numbered forty-six members, and yet it will next Wednesday graduate only thirty-nin strong, for at the "exacution" has been added to the previous because the weather of the previous because the control of the second class is one that as no small terrors for its members. This year it numbers for the second class is one that as no small terrors for its members. This year it numbers sixty-one cades, and it every one of them should succeed in crossing the kubicon of the academic course the graduating class of 1570 will be a larger one than any which has graduated for many a year. It will, however be a most brilliant exception to second classes of previous years if some one of the members do not succeed for many a year. It will, however, be a most brilliant exception to second classes of previous years if some one of the members do not succeed to the control of the second class in this study are Bartlett's Mechanics, Acoustics and Optics; and, although the learned authority himself, who happens to be the hea

The standing of the graduating class in ordnance and gunnery and cavalry tactics was read at parade this evening. The following are the names of the first ten in

onnance and gunners.

- Thiman.

- Taylor.

- Liple.

- P- M. Price.

- Fitzshumons.

- Bergland.

The following are the names of the first ten in CAVAINY FACTORS. 1—P. M. Price.
2-Mun.
3—Nye.
4—Taylor.

2—Hun.
3—Nyc.
7—Thiman.
10—Duvall.
4—Taylor.

In which the gradualing class are to participate, will take place next Saturday evening at Cozens' West Fonth Hotel, just a couple of miles below this post. As the cadet hop, which will close the festive part of the class career at West Font, is fixed to come off on the evening of the lath inst., and as many of the class career as West Font, is fixed to come off on the evening of the lath inst., and as many of the laties who are to attend are stopping at this hotel, the most extensive preparations are being made to make this special hop one long to be remembered by the class of '69 and everybody clas who will be present. It is always considered a very great privilege for a gradualing class to be allowed to go to any ball outside of the post before they are formally releved from duty, but General Ritcher, who is never gingerly about giving the cadets a permit to enjoy themselves of huntis' as long as they will not "compromise" themselves in any way, has consented to allow the class to attend the affair. The graduates are, of course, quite delighted at the prospect, and are already having aside those gloves and burnishing up bed buttons to an excessive brightness in order all the more readily to captivate the hundred and one gay indice, who are certain to fall in love with them or their uniform on the occasion.

"Yours Truly."

Some person who evidently believes that the graduates are as plous as they are good howing, has forwarded to each one of them a "morni" work, for which, of course, the aforessin person will be praised during the natural lifetime of the chass of '69. All the books are healty bound, and on tan will be praised during the inscribed the name of the cadet to whom it was sent, with the line "From a friend." One of the books has a frontispiece, in which of course, the aforessin person will be praised during the natural infetime of the chass of '69. All the books are healty bound, and on tan dy leaf of each is inscribed the name of the cadet to whom it